

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| | | |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Product name | Surface Cleaner | |
| Product code | 481-75 | Formula date: 2011-08-24 |
| Intended use | Cleaning agent for professional use | |
| Supplier | Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company 408 Fairall Street CA Ajax, ON L1S 1R6 | |
| Manufacturer | Axalta Coating Systems, LLC Applied Corporate Center 50 Applied Bank Boulevard, Suite 300 US Glen Mills, PA 19342 | |
| Telephone | Product information | (800) 668-6945 |
| | Medical emergency | (855) 274-5698 |
| | Transportation emergency | (613) 996-6666 (CANUTEC) |
| Chemical Family | No data available. | |

2. Hazards identification

This preparation is hazardous per the following GHS criteria

GHS-Classification

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Toxicity for reproduction | Category 2 |
| Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure | Category 2 |

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Signal word: Not classified according to GHS criteria

Hazard statements

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Precautionary statements

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:

0 %

3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Mixture of synthetic resins and solvents

Components

| CAS-No. | Chemical name | Concentration |
|------------|--|---------------|
| 142-82-5 | Heptane | 37 - 48% |
| 64742-48-9 | Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) | 15 - 26% |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene | 4 - 15% |
| 8032-32-4 | Vm&p naphtha | 4 - 15% |

Any concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation.
Non-regulated ingredients 5 - 10%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this safety data sheet (SDS) or product label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed if necessary

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

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Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Hazardous combustion products

CO, CO₂, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapor/air mixture will burn when an ignition source is present.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Full protective flameproof clothing should be worn as appropriate. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter public sewer systems or public waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Observe label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, static discharge and other sources of ignition. VAPORS MAY IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent buildup of vapors. Extinguish all pilot lights and turn off heaters, non-explosion proof electrical equipment and other sources of ignition during and after use and until all vapors are gone. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 49 °C (120 °F). If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Build up of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming in accordance with best practices. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air and will burn when an ignition source is present. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE. Clean nozzle and cap container after each use. Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) container. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause bursting. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. The accumulation of contaminated rags may result in spontaneous combustion. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimize the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Advice on common storage

Store separately from oxidizing agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

OSHA/NFPA Storage Classification: IB

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls and work practices

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

National occupational exposure limits

| CAS-No. | Chemical name | Source | Time | Type | Value | Note |
|------------|--|--------|-------------|------|---------|------|
| 142-82-5 | Heptane | ACGIH | 15 min | STEL | 500 ppm | |
| | | ACGIH | 8 hr | TWA | 400 ppm | |
| | | OSHA | 8 hr | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| 64742-48-9 | Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) | ACGIH | 8 hr | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| | | OSHA | 8 hr | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| | | Dupont | 8 hr | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene | OSHA | | CEIL | 300 ppm | |
| | | OSHA | 10 min | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| | | OSHA | 8 hr | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| | | Dupont | 8 & 12 hour | TWA | 20 ppm | Skin |
| 8032-32-4 | Vm&p naphtha | ACGIH | 8 hr | TWA | 300 ppm | |
| | | Dupont | 8 hr | TWA | 100 ppm | |

Glossary

| | |
|------|---------------------------|
| CEIL | Ceiling exposure limit |
| STEL | Short term exposure limit |
| TWA | Time weighted average |
| TWAE | Time-Weighted Average |

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted. In confined spaces, or in situations where continuous spray operations are typical, or if proper air-purifying respirator fit is not possible, wear a positive pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH TC-19C). In all cases, follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area.

Eye protection

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

Skin and body protection

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not let product enter drains.

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance

Form: aerosol **Colour:** clear

| | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|
| Flash point | -15 °C | |
| Lower Explosive Limit | 0.5 % | |
| Upper Explosive Limit | 10.2 % | |
| Evaporation rate | Slower than Ether | |
| Vapor pressure of principal solvent | 30.6 hPa | |
| Solubility of Solvent In Water | moderate | |
| Vapor density of principal solvent (Air = 1) | 3.4 | |
| Approx. Boiling Range | 109 °C | |
| Approx. Freezing Range | Not applicable. | |
| Gallon Weight (lbs/gal) | 6.54 | |
| Specific Gravity | 0.78 | |
| Percent Volatile By Volume | 100.00% | |
| Percent Volatile By Weight | 100.00% | |
| Percent Solids By Volume | 0.00% | |
| Percent Solids By Weight | 0.00% | |
| pH (waterborne systems only) | Not applicable | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | No data available | |
| Ignition temperature | 215 °C | DIN 51794 |
| Decomposition temperature | Not applicable. | |
| Viscosity (23 °C) | Not applicable. | ISO 2431-1993 |
| VOC less exempt (g/liter) | 784.5 | |
| VOC as packaged (g/liter) | 784.5 | |

* VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theoretical) are based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of manufacture.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

None reasonably foreseeable.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge

Solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact

None known.

11. Toxicological information

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Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Acute inhalation toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

% of unknown composition: 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

● Inhalation

Central nervous system Vm&p naphtha

Heptane

- **Skin Absorption**

Narcotic effects Toluene

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

13. Disposal considerations

Provincial Waste Classification

Check appropriate provincial and local waste disposal regulations for proper classifications.

Waste Disposal Method

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

14. Transport information

International transport regulations**IMDG (Sea transport)**

UN number: 1950
Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Hazard Class: 2.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group:
Marine Pollutant: yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)]

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

UN number: 1950
Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, flammable

Hazard Class: 2.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group:

SAFETY DATA SHEET481-75 v2.1
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Proper shipping name: AEROSOLSHazard Class: 2.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group:**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**TSCA Status**

In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

DSL Status

All components of the mixture are listed on the DSL.

OCI Status:

All components of the mixture are listed on the Ontario Inventory of Chemical Substances.

Photochemical Reactivity

Non-photochemically reactive

Regulatory information

| CAS # | Ingredient | EPCRA | | | | | CERCLA RQ(lbs) | CAA HAP |
|------------|--|-------|-----|----|-------------|-----|-------------------|------------|
| | | 302 | TPQ | RQ | 311/312 | 313 | | |
| 142-82-5 | Heptane | N | NR | NR | A,C,F | N | NR | N |
| 64742-48-9 | Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) | N | NR | NR | A,C,F,N,P,R | N | NR | N |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene | N | NR | NR | A,C,F | Y | 1,000 | Y |
| 8032-32-4 | Vm&p naphtha | N | NR | NR | A,C,F | N | NR | N |

Key:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| EPCRA | Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know Act (aka Title III, SARA) |
| 302 | Extremely hazardous substances |
| 311/312 Categories | F = Fire Hazard A = Acute Hazard R = Reactivity Hazard C = Chronic Hazard P = Pressure Related Hazard |
| 313 Information | Section 313 Supplier Notification - The chemicals listed above with a 'Y' in the 313 column are subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372. |
| CERCLA | Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980. |
| HAP | Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant. |
| TPQ | Threshold Planning Quantity. |
| RQ | Reportable Quantity |
| NA | not available |

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NR | not regulated

16. Other information

HMIS rating H: 2 F: 3 R: 0

Glossary of Terms:

| | |
|-------|--|
| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer. |
| NTP | National Toxicology Program. |
| OEL | Occupational Exposure Limit |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration. |
| STEL | Short term exposure limit |
| TWA | Time-weighted average. |
| PNOR | Particles not otherwise regulated. |
| PNOC | Particles not otherwise classified. |

NOTE: The list (above) of glossary terms may be modified.

Notice from Axalta Coating Systems :

The document reflects information provided to Axalta Coating Systems by its suppliers. Information is accurate to the best of our knowledge and is subject to change as new data is received by Axalta Coating Systems. Persons receiving this information should make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. The information on this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

SDS prepared by: Axalta Coating Systems Regulatory Affairs

Report version

| Version | Changes |
|---------|-----------|
| 2.1 | 9, 11, 15 |

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