

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: PT116
Product name	: PowerTint Extra Coarse Aluminum
Other means of identification	: 1250072562
Date of issue	: 2/12/2024
Version	: 13

Relevant identified us	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Coating component.

Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.
Supplier's details	: Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company 1915 2nd St. W
Product information	Cornwall, ON K6H5R6 : 613-932-8960
Emergency telephone number	: (CHEMTREC) - 800-424-9300

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: None known.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture			
Chemical name	Common name and Synonyms	CAS number	% (w/w)
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	ALUMINUM	7429-90-5	≥10 - ≤30
heptan-2-one	METHYL AMYL KETONE	110-43-0	≥10 - ≤30
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	64742-48-9	≥10 - ≤30
n-butyl acetate	BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	≥5 - ≤10
isopentyl acetate	ISOAMYL ACETATE	123-92-2	≥1 - ≤5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-47-8	≥1 - ≤5
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-95-6	≥1 - ≤5
2-methylbutyl acetate	2-METHYL BUTYL ACETATE	624-41-9	≥1 - ≤5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	: N	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation		Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: N	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: (	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>toms</u>	ž
Eye contact	: N	No specific data.
Inhalation	r F c	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: N	No specific data.
Ingestion	: N	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: N	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	i: r	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, $CO_2$ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	-
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	:	IC

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Metal Dust CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Aluminum pyro powders and metal dust] STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Al) 15 minutes. Form: Metal dust TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Al) 8 hours. Form: Metal dust STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Al) 15 minutes. Form: Pyro powder TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Al) 8 hours. Form: Pyro powder CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [aluminum and its compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Aluminum

	metal and insoluble compounds]
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate
	matter.
heptan-2-one	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
•	OEL: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 30 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	OEL: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl
	acetates, all isomers]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023).
	[butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl
	acetates]
	STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
sopentyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
sopentyl acetate	OEL: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OEL: 532 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023).
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers]
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers]
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Pentyl acetate]
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Pentyl acetate] STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Pentyl acetate]

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated I	acetates] STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8	
	hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/ Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.	
2-methylbutyl acetate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Pentyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Pentyl acetate, All isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Pentyl acetate] STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [pentyl acetates] STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
controls vent cont also	only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust tilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne taminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive s. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
<b>Environmental exposure</b> <b>controls</b> : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ens they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process		

Individual protection measures

# Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br/>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br/>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br/>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br/>safety showers are close to the workstation location.

equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state		Liquid
•		•
Color	•	Silver.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Technically not possible to measure
Boiling point	:	125 to 210°C (257 to 410°F)
Freezing point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 32.222°C (90°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 0.5% Upper: 7.9%
Vapor pressure	:	0.31 kPa (2.3 mm Hg)
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Media	Result
cold water	Very slightly soluble

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	220°C (428°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10332 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
isopentyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	16600 mg/kg	-
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3492 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
isopentyl acetate 2-methylbutyl acetate	Skin - Erythema/Eschar Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Mammal - species unspecified	1.7 -	-	-

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	9445.07 mg/kg 132338.9 mg/kg
	99.17 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	111	111	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional informa	ition			
TDG Classificatio		classified as per the follow egulations: 2.18-2.19 (Cl		ansportation of Dangero

# OT Classification Reportable quantity 41421 lbs / 18805.1 kg [4599.8 gal / 17412.1 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

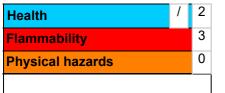
The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: aluminum (fume or dust only); hydrotreated heavy naphtha; butyl acetate (all isomers); hydrotreated light distillate; light aromatic solvent naphtha</li> </ul>
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations
Indicates information t	hat has changed from previously issued version.

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#### Notice to reader

History

## Section 16. Other information

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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